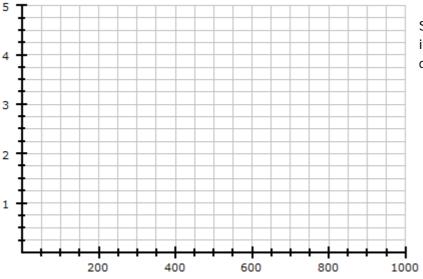
Non-linear Graphs Practice #3

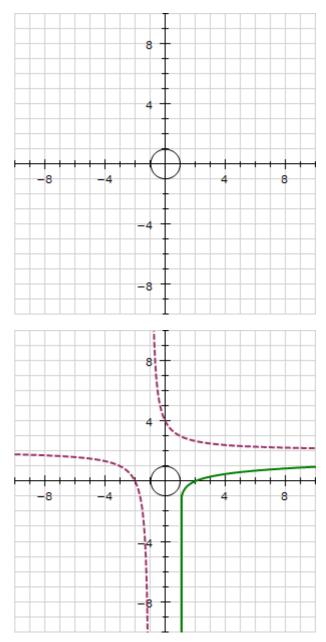
- 1. Sketch: $y = \frac{5}{x-2}$
- 2. Sketch: $y = \sqrt{x 1} 2$
- 3. Sketch: y = |x + 2| + 3 for -4 < x < 4
- 4. Rewrite the function y = |x + 2| + 3so that every point on it is translated by $\binom{2}{4}$.
- 5. Write the equation for the solid line.
- 6. Write the equation for the dashed line.
- Write the equation of the polynomial that goes through (⁻2, 0), (3, 0) (4, 0) and (0, 60).
- A cake manufacturer knows that the cost of making a particular cake is given by the formula:

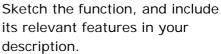
$$C = \frac{50}{n+20} + 1.75$$

where C is cost (in dollars) and n is the number of cakes made.

Describe, in detail, the cost of making the cakes in terms of how many are made.





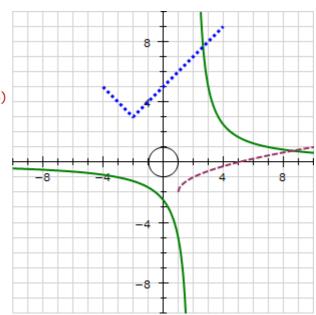


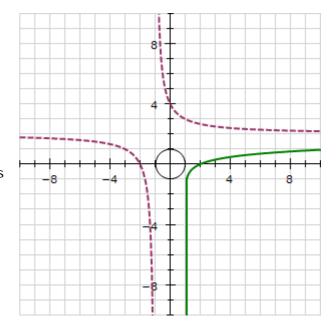


Answers: Non-linear Practice #3

- 1. Sketch: $y = \frac{5}{x-2}$ solid line asymptotes x = 2 & y = 0, intercept (0, -2.5)
- 2. Sketch: $y = \sqrt{x-1} 2$ dashed line starting point (1, ⁻2), intercept (5, 0)
- 3. Sketch: y = |x + 2| + 3 for -4 < x < 4- dotted line, vertex at (-2, 3)
- 4. Rewrite the function y = |x + 2| + 3so that every point on it is translated by $\binom{2}{4}$.
 - y = |x| + 7
- 5. Write the equation for the solid line. $y = \log(x - 1)$
- 6. Write the equation for the dashed line. $y = \frac{2}{x+1} + 2$
- 7. Write the equation of the polynomial that goes through (-2, 0), (3, 0) (4, 0) and (0, 60). y = 2.5(x + 2)(x - 3)(x - 4) any order
- A cake manufacturer knows that the cost of making a particular cake is given by the formula:

$$C = \frac{50}{n+20} + 1.75$$





where C is cost (in dollars) and n is the number of cakes made.

Describe, in detail, how the cost of making the cakes relates to how many are made.

