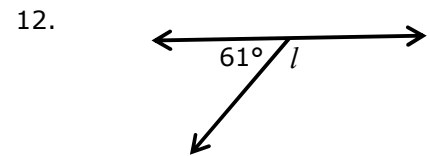
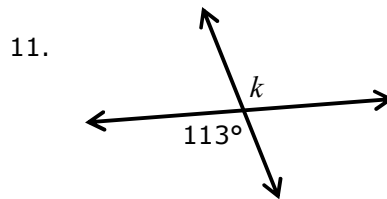
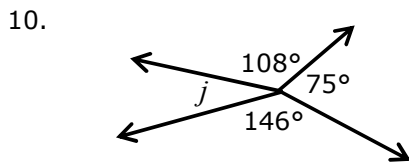
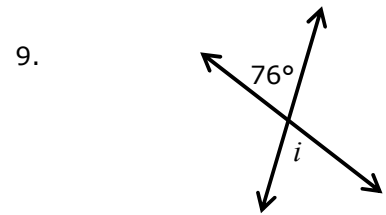
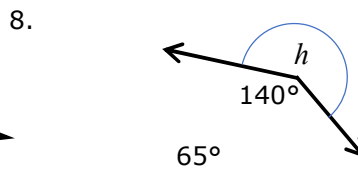
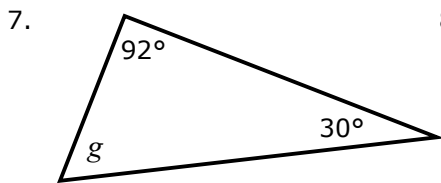
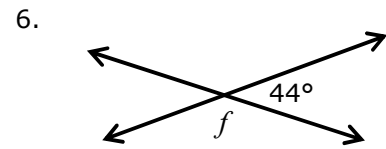
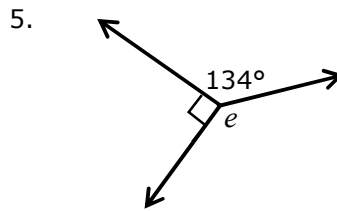
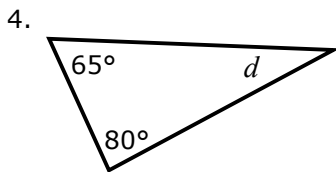
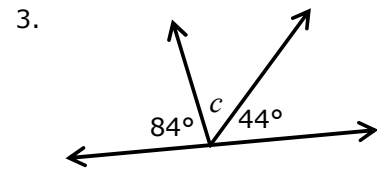
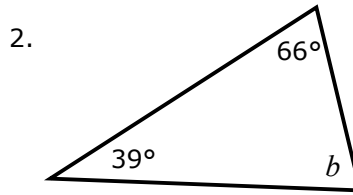
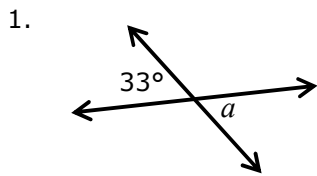
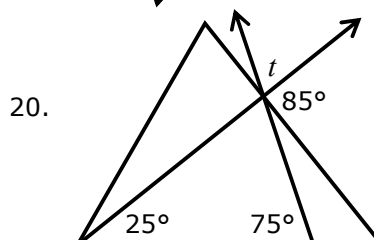
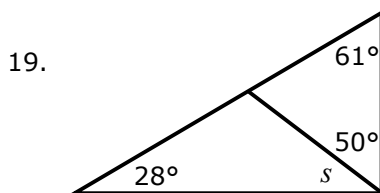
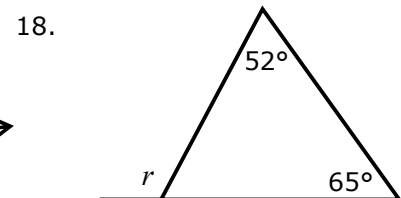
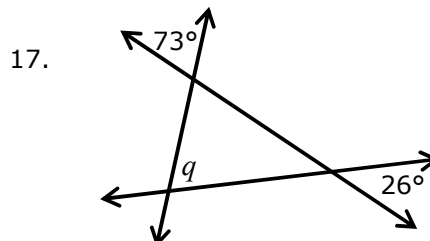
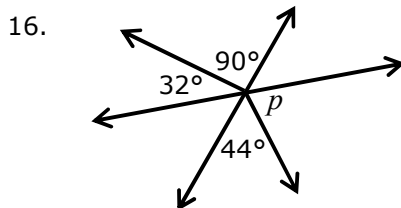
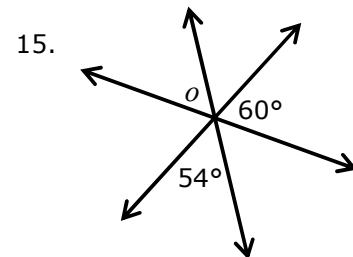
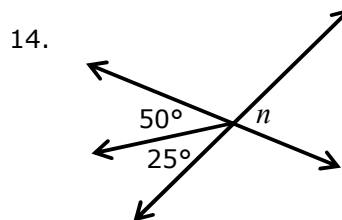
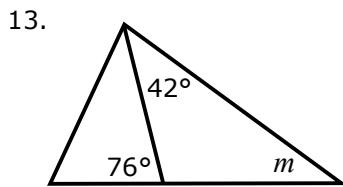


## Basic Geometry #2 (No parallel lines, isosceles or polygons)

One Step Problems: Find the values of the unknown angles, giving the reason.



Harder Problems: Give the values of the unknown angles, giving **all** reasons.



**Answers : Basic Geometry #2** (No parallel lines, isosceles or polygons)

1.  $a = 33^\circ$  Vertically opposite angles are equal
2.  $b = 180 - 39 - 66 = 75^\circ$  Angles in a triangle add up to  $180^\circ$
3.  $c = 180 - 84 - 44 = 52^\circ$  Angles on a straight line add up to  $180^\circ$
4.  $d = 180 - 65 - 80 = 35^\circ$  Angles in a triangle add up to  $180^\circ$
5.  $e = 360 - 134 - 90 = 136^\circ$  Angles at a point add up to  $360^\circ$
6.  $f = 180 - 44 = 136^\circ$  Angles on a straight line add up to  $180^\circ$
7.  $g = 180 - 92 - 30 = 58^\circ$  Angles in a triangle add up to  $180^\circ$
8.  $h = 360 - 140 = 220^\circ$  Angles at a point add up to  $360^\circ$
9.  $i = 76^\circ$  Vertically opposite angles are equal
10.  $j = 360 - 146 - 108 - 75 = 31^\circ$  Angles at a point add up to  $360^\circ$
11.  $k = 113^\circ$  Vertically opposite angles are equal
12.  $l = 360 - 265 = 95^\circ$  Angles on a straight line add up to  $180^\circ$
13. other angle triangle =  $104^\circ$  Angles on a straight line add up to  $180^\circ$   
 $m = 180 - 42 - 104 = 34^\circ$  Angles in a triangle add up to  $180^\circ$
14.  $n = 50 + 25 = 75^\circ$  Vertically opposite angles are equal
15. angle between  $o$  and  $64 = 54^\circ$  Vertically opposite angles are equal  
 $o = 180 - 64 - 54 = 62^\circ$  Angles on a straight line add up to  $180^\circ$   
*or move the  $60^\circ$  across as vertically opposite, and then  $180$  on a line*
16.  $p + 44 = 90 + 32 = 75^\circ$  Vertically opposite angles are equal  
 $p = 78^\circ$   
*or use  $180^\circ$  on a straight line to fill angle beside  $p$  and  $44^\circ$ , then use again*
17. Angles in triangle =  $73^\circ$  and  $26^\circ$  Vertically opposite angles are equal  $\times 2$   
 $q = 180 - 73 - 26 = 81^\circ$  Angles in a triangle add up to  $180^\circ$
18. beside  $r = 180 - 52 - 65 = 63$  Angles in a triangle add up to  $180^\circ$   
 $r = 180 - 63 = 117^\circ$  Angles on a straight line add up to  $180^\circ$
19.  $s = 180 - 61 - 50 - 28 = 41^\circ$  Angles in a triangle add up to  $180^\circ$
20. top triangle =  $180 - 75 - 25 = 80^\circ$  Angles in a triangle add up to  $180^\circ$   
 $t = 80^\circ$  Vertically opposite angles are equal